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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MINDA STONERIDGE INSTRUMENTS LIMITED Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of MINDA STONERIDGE INSTRUMENTS LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2016, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act, as applicable.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder and the Order under section 143 (11) of the Act.

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting

policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2016, and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act, as applicable.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2016 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2016 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements Refer note 22.1(a) to the financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells Charlered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 302009E)

Sunil S Kothari

Partner

2-

(Membership No. 208238)

Place: Pune

Date: 26th May, 2016

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Referred to in paragraph "1(f)" under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of MINDA STONERIDGE INSTRUMENTS LIMITED ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2016 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2016, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 302009E)

Sunil S Kothari

Partner

(Membership No. 208238)

Place: Pune

Date: 26th May, 2016

ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report of even date)

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) The Company has a program of verification of fixed assets in accordance with which all fixed assets are physically verified once in every two years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, physical verification was carried out in March 2015 and no physical verification was planned/conducted in the current year and accordingly, the question of discrepancies on physical verification does not arise.
 - (c) With respect to immovable properties of land and buildings that are freehold, according to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us and based on the examination of the registered sale deed provided to us, we report that, the title deeds of such immovable properties are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date. In respect of immovable properties of land and buildings that have been taken on lease and disclosed as fixed asset in the financial statements, the lease agreements are in the name of the Company, where the Company is the lessee in the agreement.
- (ii) As explained to us, the inventories were physically verified during the year by the Management at reasonable intervals and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification.
- (iii) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (iv) The Company has not granted any loans, made investments or provided guarantees and hence reporting under clause 3(iv) of the order is not applicable.
- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit during the year, and hence reporting under clause 3(v) of the order is not applicable.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013. We have broadly reviewed the cost records maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, as amended prescribed by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained We

have, however, not made a detailed examination of the cout records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.

- (vii) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it to the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at 31st March, 2016 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (c) Details of dues of Income-tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty and Value Added Tax which have not been deposited as on 31st March, 2016 on account of disputes are given below:

Name of Statute	Nature of Dues	Forum where Dispute is Pending	Period to which the Amount Relates	Amount Involved (Rs.)	Amount Unpaid (Rs.)
The Maharashtra VAT Act, 2002	Value Added Tax	Commissioner - Appeal	2010-11	700,000	Nil .

- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings to financial institutions, banks and government. The Company has not issued any debentures.
- (ix) The Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loans and hence reporting under clause 3(ix) of the order is not applicable.
- (x) To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.

- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and considering the independent legal counsel's opinion obtained by the Company stating that the approval from the Central Government is not required unless there is any change in the terms of the re-appointment of the managing director of the Company even though the Company has become a subsidiary of a listed company subsequent to such appointment, the Company has paid managerial remuneration in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013. Refer note 23.9 to the financial statements.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3(xii) of the order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company is in compliance with Section 188 and 177 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) During the year the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures and hence reporting under clause 3(xiv) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-1 of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells

Charlered Accountants

(Firm's Régistration No. 302009E)

Sunil S Kothari

Partner

(Membership No. 208238)

Place: Rina

Date: 26th May, 2016

MINDA STONERIDGE INSTRUMENTS LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH, 2016

	Particulars	Note		As at 31 March, 2016	As at 31 March, 2015
	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
A	EQUITY AND CIABILITIES			•	
1	Shareholders' funds	Í			• •
	(a) Share capital	3	119,000,000		119,000,000
	(b) Reserves and surplus	4	693,772,230		572,482,431
				812,772,230	691,482,431
2	Non-current liabilities	_			
	(a) Long-term borrowings	5	25,262,443		38,628,898
	(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net) (c) Long-term provisions	23.5	75,329,846		66,759,450
	(C) Long-term provisions	6	886,994		963,750
3	Current liabilities		1 .	101,479,283	106,352,096
J	(a) Short-term borrowings	7	230,134,789	,	400
	(b) Trade payables (Refer Note 22.2)	ĺ	250,154,769		183,177,087
	(A) total outstanding dues of micro		18,922,440		
	enterprises and small enterprises:		10,322,440		14,238,809
	and				
	(8) total outstanding dues of		677,345,324	ĺ	soo oii
	creditors other than micro		311,030,024		523,652,431
	enterprises and small enterprises				
	(c) Other current liabilities	8	133,358,496		120 505 00
	(d) Short-term provisions	9	23,802,727	Ì	128,565,921 19,655,682
				1,083,563,776	869,289,930
	TOTAL		-	4 007 046 000	
_			-	1,997,815,289	1,667,124,457
В	ASSETS				
1	Non-current assets			1	
-	(a) Fixed assets	[I	ļ	
	(i) Tangible assets	10.A	759,603,563		762,862,328
	(ii) Intangible assets	10.B	28,157,224	J	18,362,871
	(ili) Capital work-in-progress	į	26,363,810		
		Ī	814,124,587		781,225,199
	(b) Long-term loans and advances	11	33,914,771		21,702,252
				848,039,358	802,927,451
2	Current assets		***************************************		==,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	(a) inventories	12	377,993,775	ļ	242,330,652
	(b) Trade receivables	13	745,224,980	11	585,708,691
	(c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances	14	3,089,367		10,011,226
	(u) Short-term loans and advances	15	23,467,809		26,146,437
1				1,149,775,931	864,197,006
	TOTAL	1		1,997,815,289	4 007 40 4 455
	IOIAL			1,001,010,200	1,667,124,457

In terms of our report attached. For Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants

Sunil S Kothari Partner

Place: Pune Date: 26th May, 2016

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

N.K. Modi

Managing Director

Ashok Minda Director

Sanjay Thapar Director

Rakesh Kalra independent Director Jonathan Blair DeGaynor Director

Lars Peter Kruk Director

Rita Pani Independent Director

Place :

Stephen C Fox Director

Pankaj Cubia Chief Financial Officer

Company Secretary

		RIDGE INSTRUME			
	STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND				
	Particulars	Note No.	For the year ended	For the year ended	
		-	31 March, 2016	31 March, 2015	
ļ			Rs.	Rs.	
1	Revenue from operations (gross)	16	3,235,349,386	3,138,410,921	
	Less: Excise duty	16	348,894,571	335,181,146	
	Revenue from operations (net)		2,886,454,815	2,803,229,775	
2	Other income	17	11,323,687	17,080,452	
3	Total revenue (1+2)	<u> </u>	2,897,778,502	2,820,310,227	
4	Expenses				
-	(a) Cost of materials consumed	1 18.A	1,932,706,235	1,890,498,044	
	(b) Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	18.B	(83,150,159)	(20,863,778)	
	(c) Employee benefits expense	19	483,994,373	411,902,787	
	(d) Finance costs	20	17,745,084	11,303,065	
	(e) Depreciation and amortisation expense	10.C	114,856,170	108,855,471	
	(f) Other expenses	21	288,209,591	274,699,242	
	Total expenses	-	2,754,361,294	2,676,294,831	
5	Profit / (Loss) before tax (3 - 4)		143,417,208	144,015,396	
6	Tax expense:	-			
	(a) Current tax expense for current year		30,607,527	34,172,174	
	(b) Income tax for earlier year		247,839	-	
	(c) MAT Credit		(17,298,353)	-	
	(d) Deferred tax	23.5	8,570,396	(697,728)	
			22,127,409	33,474,446	
7	Profit / (Loss) for the year (5 - 6)		121,289,799	110,540,950	
	Earnings per equity share (of Rs. 10/- each)				
ĺ	(a) Basic	23.4	10.19	9.29	
	(b) Diluted	23.4	10.19	9,29	
	See accompanying notes forming part of the finan	cial statements		,	

In terms of our report attached. For Deloitte Haskins & Sells Chartered Accountants

Sunil S Kothari

Partner

Place: Date: 26 th May, 2016 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

N.K. Modi Managing Director Ashok Minda Director Sanjay Thapar Director

Rakesh Kalra Independent Director

Jonathan Blair DeGaynor

bars Peter Kruk Director

Storbleston

Rita Pani Director Stephen C Fox Director Pankaj Gupta Chief Financial Officer

Divya Rai Company Secretary

Place:

Date:

MINDA STONERIDGE INSTRUMENTS LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Rs.	Rs.
Shak man Ci la afaca ta	440.447.000	444047000
Net profit before tax Adjustment for:	143,417,208	144,015,396
- Depreciation and Amortisation expense	114,856,170	108,855,471
- Interest Expenses	17,317,241	11,292,221
- Interest Income		(292,696)
Liabilities no longer required written back (Profit) / Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets (net)	(129,321)	(4,726,596)
Unrealised Forex (Gain) / Loss	(4,451,064) 2,637,544	(2,555,716) (1,117,522)
Effect of exchange differences on translations of foreign	1,759	(1,117,522)
currency cash and cash equivalent	1,,,,,,	(11,100)
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes Adjustment for :	273,649,536	255,452,770
- (Increase) / Decrease in Trade Receivables	(158,497,323)	(8,425,131)
- (Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	(135,663,123)	(34,046,367)
- (Increase) / Decrease in Loans and Advances	(82,714)	(3,982,433)
- Increase / (Decrease) in Trade and Other payables	156,014,242	32,637,919
- Increase / (Decrease) in Other Long Term Liabilities	(11,091,496)	2,731,634
Cash Generated From Operations	124,329,123	244,368,392
- Taxes Paid	(29,054,619)	(35,459,346)
Net Cash from Operating Activities (A)	95,274,505	208,909,046
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES :		
- Purchase of Fixed Assets	(137,198,153)	(246,980,121)
- Sales of Fixed Assets	19,826,637	16,544,935
- Interest Received	•	292,696
Net Cash used in Investing Activities (B)	(117,371,516)	(230,142,490)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -
- Repayments of Long term borrowings	(15,447,736)	(10,516,249)
- Proceeds / Repayments of Short term borrowings (net)	45,792,790	43,965,759
- Interest Paid	(15,168,142)	(11,292,221)
Net Cash from financing activities (C)	15,176,912	22,157,289
Net Increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalent (A+B+	(6,920,100)	923,845
Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	10,011,226	9,069,593
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the year	3,091,126	9,993,438
Add: Exchange fluctuation on foreign currency bank balance	(1,759)	17.788
Cash and Cash equivalents (Refer Note 14)	3,089,367	10,011,226

a) Previous year's figures have been restated, wherever necessary to conform to this year's classification In terms of our report attached.
For Delbitte Haskins & Sells
Challered Accountants For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Sunil S Kothari Partner N K. Modi Ashok Minda Sanjay Thapar Managing Director Director Director Jonathan Blair DeGaynor Director Place: Date: 26th Moly 99016 Rakesh Kaira Indopendent Director Lars Peter Knuk Director Standor Pankaj Gupta Chier Financial Officer Rita Poni Stephen C Fax Director Director Colmpany Secretary . Buya Rai Place .

Note

Particulars

Corporate information

The Company is engaged in the manufacturing of auto panel instruments including speedometer, temperature gauge, fuel gauge, tank units, instrument clusters, sensors, etc. The auto panel instruments comprise of electrical and mechanical movements.

2 Significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of accounting and preparation of financial statements

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in India (Indian GAAP) to comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable. The financial statements have been prepared on accrual basis under the historical cost convention. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are consistent with those followed in the previous year

Based on the nature of products / activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

2.2 Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognised in the periods in which the results are known / materialise.

2.3 Fixed Assets

Fixed Assets are stated at cost of acquisition or construction less accumulated depreciation / amortisation. Cost comprises purchase price and any attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use. Financing costs relating to acquisition of qualifying fixed assets are also included to the extent they relate to the period till such assets are ready to be put to use.

2.4 Intangible Assets

Software which is not an integral part of hardware is treated as an intangible asset and is amortized on Straight Line Basis over its useful economic lives, estimated by management of five years.

2.5 Depreciation / Amortization

Depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value.

Depreciation on tangible fixed assets has been provided on the straight-line method as per the useful life prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in respect of the following categories of assets, in whose case the life of the assets has been assessed as under based on technical advice, taking into account the nature of the asset, the estimated usage of the asset, the operating conditions of the asset, past history of replacement, anticipated technological changes, manufacturers warranties and maintenance support, etc.:

Tangible Assets	Useful Life (in years)
Building	20
Plant and Equipment	10
Furniture and Fixtures	5
Vehicles	5
Computer Hardware	6

Leasehold land is amortised over the duration of the lease.

Intangible assets are amortised over their estimated useful life on straight line method as follows:

Computer Software - 5 years.

Assets individually costing less than Rs. 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition,

The estimated useful life of the intangible assets and the amortisation period are reviewed at the end of each financial year and the amortisation period is revised to reflect the changed pattern, if any.

MINDA STONERIDGE INSTRUMENTS LIMITED

Note's forming part of the financial statements

Note 2 Significant accounting policies (contd.)

Nate 2.6

Impairment

Particulars

The Company reviews the carrying amounts of its fixed assets annually to determine whether there is any indication that those assets suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing the value in use, the estimated follows expected from the continuing use of the asset and from its ultimate discounted to their present values using a pre-determined discount rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset.

An impairment loss is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. An impairment loss recognized in prior accounting periods is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of the recoverable amount.

2.7 Foreign Currency Transactions

i. Initial Recognition

Foreign currency transactions are recorded in the reporting currency, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

ii. Translation

Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the year end exchange rates. Non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

iii. Exchange Differences

All exchange differences arising on settlement and translation of monetary items are recognised as income or expense in the year in which they arise.

2.8 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or weighted average basis and the net realisable value after providing for obsolescence and other losses, where considered necessary. Cost includes all charges in bringing the goods to the point of sale, including octroi and other levies, transit insurance and receiving charges. Work-in-progress and finished goods include appropriate proportion of overheads and, where applicable, excise duty.

2.9 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Sale of Goods

Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, which generally coincides with the dispatch of goods to customers. Sales are net of discount and excise duty and inclusive of exchange fluctuations relating to export receivables.

Export Incentives & Interest

Export incentives, such as licenses issued by DGFT, which are held for sale, are recognised as other income when no significant uncertainties as to the amount of consideration realisable or as to its ultimate collection exist.

Interest is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.

Note 2 Significant accounting policies (contd.)

2.10 Retirement and other employee benefits

Provident Fund:

The eligible employees of the Company are entitled to receive benefits under the provident fund, a defined contribution plan, in which both employees and the Company make monthly contributions at a specified percentage of the covered employees' salary (currently 12% of employees' salary). The contributions as specified under the law are paid and charged to the Profit & Loss Account of the year when the contribution to the fund is due.

Gratuity:

The Company has an obligation towards gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. The plan provides for a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death white in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 / 26 days salary payable for each completed year of service. Vesting occurs upon completion of five years of service. The liability for gratuity as at the year end is provided on the basis of actuarial valuation and funded with Life Insurance Corporation of India. Actuarial gain and losses in respect of defined benefit plans are recognized in the Profit & Loss Account.

Compensated absences:

Provision in accounts for leave benefits / compensated absences to employees is based on the revised AS-15 which is as under:

- a. Actuarial valuation done by projected unit credit method at the penod end for long term compensated absences.
- b. On actual basis for the portion of accumulated leave which an employee can encash during the short term period,

2.11 Warranty

The estimated liability for product warranties is recorded when products are sold. These estimates are established using historical information on the nature, frequency and avorage cost of warranty claims and management estimates regarding possible future incidence based on corrective actions on product failures.

2.12 Income Tax

Tax expenses comprise both current and deferred tax. Current tax is the amount of tax payable on the taxable income for the year as determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and the provisions of the Income - Tax Act, 1961 and other applicable tax laws. Deferred tax is recognised, on timing differences, being the difference between taxable income and accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. Deferred tax assets in respect of unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward of losses are recognised if there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that there will be sufficient future taxable income available to realise such losses. Other deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets of earlier years are re-assessed and recognized to the extent that they meet the above criteria.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an asset in the Balance Sheet when it is highly probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

2.13 Leases:

Operating

Lease of assets under which significant risks and rewards of ownership are effectively retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Lease payments under an operating lease are recognised as expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss, on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Einance

Leased assets acquired on which significant risk and reward of ownership are effectively transferred to the Company are capitalised at the lower of the fair value of the leased assets at inception and the present value of minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the outstanding liability. Such assets are amortized over the period of lease.

2.14 Earnings per share

The company reports basic and diluted earnings per share in accordance with Accounting Standard 20 on 'Earnings Per Share' Basic 'earnings per share' is computed by dividing the net profit or loss for the period by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss for the period by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period as adjusted for the effects of all diluted potential equity shares except where the results are anti-dilutive.

Troces forming part of the manetal statements

Note 2 Significant accounting policies (contd.)

2.15 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

As per Accounting Standard 29, Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets, the Company recognizes provisions only when it has a present obligation as a result of the past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

No provision is recognized for -

- a. Any possible obligation that arises from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or
- b. Any present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognized because -
- It is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation;
- · A reliable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made.

Such obligations are recorded as Contingent Liabilities. These are assessed continually and only that part of the obligation for which an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is probable, is provided for, except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made.

Contingent Assets are not recognized in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized.

2.16 Cash Flow Statement

The cash flow statement is prepared by the indirect method set out in Accounting Standard 3 on Cash Flow Statements and presents cash flows by operating, investing and financing activities of the company.

2.17 Business Segments

The Company has disclosed Business Segment as the primary segment. The Company is exclusively engaged in the business of manufacturing auto panel instruments for two wheelers, three wheelers and four wheelers manufacturers of India. These, in the context of Accounting Standard 17 on Segment Reporting, are considered to constitute one single primary segment. Geographical Segment is considered as secondary segment.

2.18 Research and Development Expenses

Revenue expenditure pertaining to research is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss. Development costs of products are also charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss unless a product's technical feasibility has been established, in which case such expenditure is capitalised. The amount capitalised comprises expenditure that can be directly attributed or allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to creating, producing and making the asset ready for its intended use. Fixed assets utilised for research and development are capitalised and depreciated in accordance with the policies stated for Fixed Assets.

2.19 Government grants and export incentives

The Company is entitled to various incentives from government authorities in respect of manufacturing units located in developing regions. The Company accounts for its entitlements on accrual basis on approval of the initial claim by the relevant authorities.

Export benefits are accounted for in the year of exports based on eligibility and when there is no uncertainty in receiving the same.

N ote 3 Share capital

	As at 31 March, 2016		As at 31 Ma	rch, 2015
	Number of shares	Rs.	Number of shares	Rs.
(≋) Authorised				
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each with voting rights	12,000,000	120,000,000	12,000,000	120,000,000
(b) Issued, Subscribed and fully paid up Equity shares of Rs. 10 each with voting rights	11,900,000	119,000,000	11,900,000	119,000,000
Total	11,900,000	119,000,000	11,900,000	119,000,000

\cotes

(i) Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period:

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2016		As at 31 March, 2015	
	Number of shares	Rs.	Number of shares	Rs.
No of shares outstanding at the beginning of the year - Equity shares	11,900,000	119,000,000	11,900,000	119,000,000
Add: Additional shares issued during the year — Equity shares	-	-	-	··
No of shares outstanding at the end of the year - Equity shares	11,900,000	119,000,000	11,900,000	119,000,000

(ii) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares:

Class of shares / Name of shareholder	As at 31 March, 2016		As at 31 March, 2015	
	Number of	% holding in	Number of	% holding in that
Equity shares with voting rights				
Stoneridge, Inc	5,831,000	49.00%	5,831,000	49.00%
Ashok Kumar Minda	-	0.00%	4,032,600	33.89%
Sarika Minda	-	0.00%	1,402,000	11.78%
Minda Capital Limited	-	0.00%	605,000	5.08%
Minda Sai Limited (the holding company)	6,069,000	51.00%	-	0.00%
Total	11,900,000	100%	11,870,600	100%

iii) Number of shares held by the holding company

Particulars	As at 31st	As at 31st March.
	March, 2016	2015
Minda Sai Limited (the holding company)	6,069,000	

(iv) Rights attached to Equity Shareholders

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs.10/- per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share and in the event of liquidation, has rights proportionate to their shareholdings over the residual assets after paying out all the liabilities.

Note 4 Reserves and surplus

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2016	As at 31 March, 2015
	Rs.	Rs.
(a) Securities premium account Opening balance Add : Premium on shares issued during the year	40,198,900	40,198,900
Closing balance	40,198,900	40,198,900
(b) Surplus in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Opening balance	532,283,531	421.742.581
Add: Profit for the year	121,289,799	110,540,950
Closing balance	653,573,330	532,283,531
Total	693,772,230	572,482,431

Note 5 Long-term borrowings

Particulars		As at 31 March, 2016 Rs.	As at 31 March, 2015 Rs.
Deferred payment liabilities (Unsecured)		25,262,443	38,628,896
	Total	25,262,443	38,628,896

(i) Details of terms of repayment for the unsecured long-term borrowings (Excluding current maturities of long term borrowings):

Particulars	Terms of repayment and security	As at 31 March, 2016	As at 31 March, 2015
	·	Unsecured	Unsecured
•		Rs.	Rs.
Deferred payment liabilities:			
Deferred sales tax liability	The Company has availed deferment of Sales Tax collected, under the Package Scheme of Incentives, 1993, of the Government of Maharashtra, during the period 01.09.1998 to 31.08.2005. The Sales Tax liability of Rs. 85,838,000, deferred and classified under unsecured loans, is repayable in five equal annual installments after completion of 10 years commencing from the year of availment.	25,262,443	38,628,896
		25,262,443	38,628,896

(ii) Refer Note 8(a) for Current maturities of long-term debt:

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2016	As at 31 March, 2015
	Rs.	Rs.
(a) Deferred payment liabilities Unsecured	13,394,535	15,475,818
	13,394,535	15,475,818

Note 6 Long-term provisions

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2016 Rs.	As at 31 March, 2015 Rs.
Provision for warranty (Refer Note 23.6)	u86,994	963,750
Tot	al 886,994	963,750

Note 7 Short-term borrowings

Particulars		As at 31 Warch, 2016	As at 31 March, 2015
		Rs.	Rs.
Loans repayable on demand from banks - Secured (Refer Note (i) below) - Unsecured		130,134,789 100,000,000	133,177,087 50,000,000
	Total	230,134,789	183,177,087

Notes:

(i) Details of security for the secured short-term borrowings:

Particulars	Nature of security	As at 31 March, 2016	As at 31 March, 2015
		Rs.	Rs.
Loans repayable on demand			
from banks:			
HDFC Bank	Secured by exclusive first charge on	72,452,695	133,177,087
	Current Assets and Movable Fixed Assets (present and future) and all		
Kotak Bank	Immovable Fixed Assets of the	57,682,094	-
	Company.		
Total - from banks		130,134,789	133,177,087

Note 8 Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	As at 31 March,	As at 31 March,
	2016	2015
	Rs.	Rs.
(a) Current maturities of long-term debt (Refer Note 5(ii))	13,394,535	15,475,818
(b) Other payables		
(i) Statutory remittances (Contributions to PF and ESIC,	13,532,681	11,219,297
Withholding Taxes, Excise Duty, VAT, Service Tax, etc.)		
(ii) Payables on purchase of fixed assets	43,342,335	23.907.320
(iii) Interest Accrued but not due on borrowing	2,149,099	, , -
(iv) Advances from customers	60,939,846	77,963,486
Total	133,358,496	128,565,921

Note 9 Short-term provisions

Particulars		As at 31 March, 2016	As at 31 March, 2015
		Rs.	Rs.
(i) Provision for tax (net of advance tax of Rs.30,046,064 (As at 31 March, 2015 Rs. Nil))		561,463	109,934
(ii) Provision for warranty (Refer Note 23.6)		12,714,151	13,542,116
(iii) Provision for Line rejection (Refer Note 23.6)		. 	
(iv) Provision for gratuity (net) (Refer Note 23.1)		8,152,206	284,318
(v) Provision for Leave encashment (net)		2,374,907	5,719,314
	Total	23,802,727	19,655,682

Note 10 Fixed aggeto

			Cross block	Sick	•						
		Balance	Additions	Dienersia	0-1		Accumulated depreciation	preciation		Mat black	lack
		200	- Thomas - T	also or or	calance	Balanco	Depreciation	Eliminated on	Balance	Ratanco	O Change
		1 April, 2015			31 March, 2016	as at	expense for the	disposal of	as at	12 at	35 31
		0.5	Dec			ma hoto.	year	33350[5	31 March, 2016	31 March 2016	34 hSzeren 2042
			7.55.	MS,	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R3.	Re	200	21 Marco, 2013
										14.0.	MS,
	(a) Freehold Land	1,944,080	s e		1,944,090		• 1	,	,	1,944,690	1,544,036
	(b) Lease Hold Land	27 007 004						•	•	(1.944.090)	(1,944,090)
		(31,323,310)	(6,574,681)		37,897,991)	985,430 (568,341)	421,089	T #	1,410,519 (959,430)	36,487,472	36,903,551
	(c) Eulaings	277,430,012	5,035,108 (2,870,910)		282,465,120 (277,430,012)	82,246,924 (69,163,906)	12,941,944		95,188,868 (82,246,924)	167,276,252	195,183,088 (205,395,193,088
	(a) Plant and Equipment	899,455,822 (752,593,955)	86,884,039 (157,214,807)	13,023,547 (10,742,981)	973,316,313 (899,455,822)	428,068,464	77,376,441 (72,861,819)	767,045	504,677,860	458,638,453	471,387,358
	(c) Funitire and Fixtures	57,658,729	6,083,078	т :	63,741,807 (67,658,729)	38,793,818 (32,050,789)	7,179,916	, ,	45,973,634	17,768,173	18,854,911
	(fi Vahidles	39,609,524 (31,389,071)	14,557,576 (10,893,692)	8,521,712	36,645,388 (30,509,524)	13,855,294	1,717,186	5,525,537 (6,361,842)	10,046,973	26,598,415	16,754,230
	(g) Office equionent	25,046,131 (22,142,459)	2,687,021	(37,037)	27,733,152	14,242,816 (11,471,809)	3,133,446 (2,783,918)	(12,911)	17,376,262 (14,242,816)	10,356,890 (10,803,315)	10,803,315
	(ti) Computer Hardware	29,685,776	2,106,897	(333,883)	28,370,278 (28,085,776)	17,069,000 (14,397,477)	2,466,913	1,699,439 (68,853)	17,838,474	10,533,303	11,016,776
7	[Tota!	1,358,128,074	117,353,629	23.367.564	1.452.114.140	595 265 746	106 256 026	700			
	Previous year	(1,191,645,165)	(189.270.049)	(22,787,140)	(1,359,128,074)!	(500 431,564)	(103 632 105)	188,188,1	692,510,650	759,603,553	762,862,328

intangible assets		Gross block	Nock			Accumulated Amortication	northeation		***************************************	
	Halanco	Activion	Pleased	0		The state of the s	tion (154) IOB		Net	Net block
		cicopinac	albeodale	Datance	dalasce	Depreciation	ш	Balance	Balance	Balance
	1 April, 2015			31 March, 2016	as at 1 April, 2015	expansa for the year	disposal of assets	as at as at as at 31 March, 2016 31 March, 2015	as at 31 March, 2016	as at 31 March, 201
	Rs	Z,c	a	- 20	i c					
		The state of the s	.50.	29.	725	h3,	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Computer software		19,413,687	,	57,754,332	19,977,774	9 619 334		20 603 403	20 000	
	(31,914,793)	(6,425,852)	,	(38,340,645)	-	(5,223,367)	: 1	(19,977,774)	(18,362,871)	(17,160,386)
Total	38 340 545	40 449 607		100 144 45						
		100151216		31,754,352		9,619,334	•	29.597.468	28 447 924	
Previous year	(31,914,793)1	(6.28.23)	,	129 340 6459	-	1600 000 31		2011	277 67	10,300,01

Note: Figures in brackets relates to the previous year

C. Depreciation and amortisation expense:

Particulars :	For the year ended 31 March, 2016	For the year ended 31 March, 2015
	Rs.	Rs.
Depreciation for the year on langiste assets as per Note 10 A Amortisation for the year on intaggible assets as per Note 10 B	105,236,836 9,619,334	103,632,105
Depreciation and amortisation	114,856,170	108 855 474

Note 11 Long-term loans and advances (Unsecured, considered good)

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2016	As at 31 March, 2015
	Rs.	Rs.
(a) Capital advances	1,530,386	8,028,344
(b) Security deposits	12,523,825	10,009,020
(c) Prepaid expenses	713,990	467,453
(d) MAT Credit	17,298,353	•
(e) Advance income tax (net of provisions Rs.58,582,327 (As at March 31, 2015 - Rs.127,939,860))	1,848,217	3,197,435
Total	33,914,771	21,702,252

Note 12 Inventories (At lower of cost and net realisable value)

Particulars	A	s at 31 March, 2016	As at 31 March, 2015
		Rs.	Rs.
(a) Raw materials	-	135,336,078	109,900,431
Goods-in-transit	1	48,607,821	20,262,905
		183,943,899	130,163,336
(b) Work-in-progress			
Raw Material		74,807,876	68,203,358
Tools under Development		4,580,855	22,297,574
		79,388,731	90,500,932
(c) Finished goods		114,616,045	10,889,566
Goods-in-transit	<u> </u>	- .	9,464,119
		114,616,045	20,353,685
			24
(d) Packing Material	And the Annual of the State of	45,100	1,312,699
	Total	377,993,775	242,330,652

Note 13 Trade receivables

Particulars Particulars	As at 31 March, 2016	As at 31 March, 2015
	Rs.	Rs.
Trade receivables outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they were due for payment		
Unsecured, considered good (Refer Note 23.3) Doubtful	9,771,502	10,359,094
	9,771,502	10,359,094
Less: Provision for doubtful trade receivables		<u> </u>
	9,771,502	10,359,094
Other Trade receivables		
Unsecured, considered good (Refer Note 23.3)	735,453,478	575,349,597
Doubtful	-	-
	735,453,478	575,349,597
Less: Provision for doubtful trade receivables	-	. ~
	735,453,478	575,349,597
Total	745,224,980	585,708,691

Note 14 Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at 31 March, 2016	As at 31 March, 2015
	Rs.	Rs.
(a) Cash on hand	503,183	381,624
(b) Balances with banks (i) In current accounts (ii) In EEFC accounts	2,586,184	9,051,434 578,168
Tota	3,089,367	10,011,226

Note 15 Short-term loans and advances (Unsecured, considered good)

Particulars Particulars	As at 31 March, 2016	As at 31 Warch, 2015
	Rs.	Rs.
(a) Advances to suppliers	7,020,484	7,700,665
(b) Security deposits	-	1,315,143
(c) Loans and advances to employees	1,662,356	1,579,675
(d) Prepaid expenses	3,479,975	2,159,217
(e) Balances with government authorities- Unsecured, considered good		
(i) CENVAT Credit receivable	9,628,821	13,097,763
(ii) Service Tax credit receivable	1,676,173	293,974
Total	23,467,809	26,146,437

Note 16 Revenue from operations

	Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
		31 March, 2016	31 March, 2015
		Rs.	Rs.
(a)	Sale of products (Refer note (i) below)	3,125,679,193	3,106,462,247
(b)	Other operating revenues (Refer note (ii) below)	109,670,193	31,948,674
- 1		3,235,349,386	3,138,410,921
(c)	Less: Excise duty	348,894,571	335,181,146
	Total	2,886,454,815	2,803,229,775

Note	Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended	
		31 Warch, 2016	31 March, 2015	
		Rs.	Rs.	
(i)	Sale of Products comprises:		···	
	Manufactured goods			
	Instrument Clusters	2,214,567,489	2,386,117,328	
	Speedometers	264,374,637	302,078,299	
	Sensor	191,530,303	210,198,070	
	Others	455,206,764	208,068,550	
	Total - Sale of Products	3,125,679,193	3,106,462,247	
	m	r .,		
(ii)	Other operating revenues comprise:			
	Sale of scrap	7,738,108	9,161,302	
	Design & Development	94,338,427	9,082,279	
	Export incentives	5,530,627	10,808,758	
	Discounts and Rebates	2,033,031	2,896,335	
	Total - Other operating revenues	109.670,193	31,948,674	

Note 17 Other income

	Particulars		For the year ended For the y 31 March, 2016 31 Mar	
			Rs.	Rs.
(a)	Interest income (Refer Note (i) below)		-	292,696
(b)	Other non-operating income (Refer Note (ii) below)		11,323,687	16,787,756
		Total	11,323,687	17,080,452

Note	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2016	For the year ended 31 March, 2015	
		Rs.	Rs.	
(i)	Interest income comprises interest on loans and advances	* :	292,696	
(ii)	Other non-operating income comprises:			
	Package Scheme of Incentive under Sales Tax	6,307,000	9,139,000	
	Liabilities no longer required written back	129,321	4,726,596	
	Profit On Sale Of Assets	4,451,064	2,555,716	
	Miscellaneous income	436,302	366,444	
	Total - Other non-operating income	11,323,687	16,787,756	

Note 18.A Cost of materials consumed

Particulars		For the year ended 31	For the year ended 31	
		March, 2016	March, 2015	
		Rs.	Rs.	
Opening stock		130,163,336	117,469,918	
Add: Purchases		1,986,486,798	1,903,191,462	
, was		2,116,650,134	2,020,661,380	
Less: Closing stock		183,943,899	130,163,336	
Cost of material consumed		1,932,706,235	1,890,498,044	
Material consumed comprises:	a.		and the second	
Raw Material and Components				
Switches		33,548,818	12,759,373	
Others		1,899,157,417	1,877,738,671	
	Total	1,932,706,235	1,890,498,044	

Note 18.8 Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress

Particulars	For the year ended 31	For the year ended 31	
	March, 2016	March, 2015	
	Rs.	Rs.	
Inventories at the end of the year:			
Finished goods	114,616,045	20,353,685	
Work-in-progress	79,388,731	90,500,932	
	194,004,776	110,854,617	
Inventories at the beginning of the year:			
Finished goods	20,353,685	21,163,911	
Work-in-progress	90,500,932	68,826,928	
	110,854,617	89,990,839	
Net (increase) / decrease	(83,150,159)	(20,863,778)	

Note 19 Employee benefits expense

Particulars	For the year ended 31	For the year ended	
	March, 2016	31 March, 2015	
	Rs.	Rs.	
Salaries and wages	428,871,986	372,168,841	
Contributions to provident and other funds (Refer Note 23.1)	18,866,495	14,177,265	
Gratuity Expenses	8,140,083	1,473,774	
Staff welfare expenses	28,115,809	24,082,907	
Total	483,994,373	411,902,787	

Note 20 Finance costs

Particulars	For the year ended For the year 31 March, 2016 31 March Rs. Rs.	
(a) Interest expense on:		
(i) Borrowings	16,910,567	10,372,222
(ii) Others	406,674	919,999
(b) Other borrowing costs	427,843	10,844
Total	17,745,084	11,303,065

Note 21 Other expenses

Particulars		For the year ended	For the year ended 31
		31 March, 2016	March, 2015
		Rs.	Rs.
Consumption of stores and spare parts		12,908,194	13,540,797
Consumption of packing materials		44,267,269	50,693,410
Job work charges		432,454	389,353
Increase / (decrease) of excise duty on inventory		2,057,558	76,860
Design and development		11,183,871	4,246,704
Power and fuel		34,740,047	33,328,213
Rent including lease rentals		22,775,068	21,125,861
Repairs and maintenance - Buildings		851,095	1,476,081
Repairs and maintenance - Machinery		9,830,248	14,308,425
Repairs and maintenance - Others		3,486,524	3,502,253
Insurance		2,968,287	3,109,951
Rates and taxes		-	2,608,186
Communication		3,837,566	3,335,490
Travelling and conveyance		18,044,106	19,136,568
Printing and stationery		1,919,729	2,231,680
Freight and forwarding		43,879,894	38,101,667
Business promotion		1,113,879	2,135,616
Legal and professional		33,678,237	32,008,989
Payments to auditors (Refer Note (i) below)		2,060,750	1,750,000
Loss on foreign exchange fluctuation (net)		6,637,612	303,148
Provision for warranty (Refer Note 23.6)		11,991,199	12,121,333
Miscellaneous expenses		19,546,004	15,068,657
	Total	288,209,591	274,599,242

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Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended 31 March, 2015
	31 March, 2016 Rs.	Rs.
(i) Payments to the auditors comprises (net of service tax input credit, where applicable):		
As auditors - statutory audit	1,508,000	1,200,000
For taxation matters	201,000	200,000
For other attest services	351,750	350,000
Tota	2,060,750	1,750,000

Note 22 Additional information to the financial statements

Note	Particulars				
		As at 31 March, 2016	As at 31 March, 2015		
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Rs.	Rs.		
22.1 (a)»	Contingent liabilities (to the extent not provided for): (i) Guarantees issued by bank on behalf of the Company (ii) Bills discounted (iii) Sales tax / VAT Matters (iv) Bonus payable for financial year 2014-15 as per payment of Bonus Act, 1965	1,325,000 32,275,736 700,000 570,250	1,995,000 31,492,661 -		
22.1(b)	Commitments: Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (Tangible assets)	4,117,252	16,835,606		
22.2	Disclosures required under Section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterpri Particulars	ses Development Act, As at 31 March, 2016			
		Rs.	Rs.		
A COLUMN TO THE TAXABLE PROPERTY OF TA	(i) Principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year (ii) Interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of the accounting year (iii) The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day	18,922,440	14,238,809		
doseuvan	(iv) The amount of interest due and payable for the year (v) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year		-		
attractate	(vi) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid		-		
ľ	Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.	parties have been ider	tified on the basis of		

Note 22 Additional information to the financial statements

(a)	Expenses in foreign currencies w	men neve been neag	ad dira datata			.,, .,	,			
(b)	The year-end foreign currency exposures that have not been hedged by a derivative instrument or otherwise are given below:									
	Particulars Particulars	As at 31 March, 2015								
	Rs.		1 March, 2016 In Foreign currency		Rs.	In Foreig	n currenc			
	Trade Payable Trade Payable	149,974,534 344,071	USD EUR	2,266,161 4,565	98,544,698	USD EUR	1,577,04			
	Trade Payable Trade Payable	5,836,435 169,625	JPY CHF	9,907,808 2,644	1,137,404	JPY CHF	17,72			
	Trade Receivable Trade Receivable Trade Receivable	125,505,431 5,654,065 339,372	USD EUR JPY	1,896,563 75,020 576,575	69,518,051 1,578,304 162,037	USD EUR JPY	1,115,22 23,56 311,85			
	EEFC Account PCFC Account	30,714,535	USD USD	464,106	1,082,463	USD	17,36			
	Euro in Hand	-	EUR	-	21,429	EUR	32			
	US Dollar in Hand Singapore Dollar in Hand	228,983	USD SGD	3,460 -	76,361 36,437	USD SGD	1,22 80			
	Yen in Hand	57,193	JPY	97,168	-	JPY				
	Ruble Account	-	RUBLE	-	17,931	RUBLE	16,74			
lote			Particul	ars						
22.4	Value of imports calculated on CIF basis :				For the year ended 31 March, 2016		year ende rch, 2015			
		Rs.		Rs.						
	Raw Material and Components Capital goods Other	567,510,190 27,328,268 1,801,004		568,276,9: 56,522,76 1,895,3						
22.5	Expenditure in foreign currency	For the year ended 31 March, 2016	31 Ma	year ende rch, 2015						
	Foreign Travel Design and Development	Rs. 1,499,541	***************************************	Rs. 2,239,1 2,602,6						
	Repairs and maintenance – Plant and Machinery Russia Office Expenses				2,024,136		2,048,4 3,140,6 813,2			
	Board Meeting Expenses Salary of Expats	6,489,576		1,569,5						

Note 22: Additional information to the financial statements

22.6	Details of consumption of imported and indigenous items	-	ear ended ch, 2016
		Rs.	9/4
	Imported Raw Material and Components	570,797,602	30%
	Indigenous	(565,430,106)	
	Indigenous	***	
	Raw Material and Components	1,361,908,632	j -
		(1,325,067,938)	(70%)
	Packing Material	44,267,269	100%
		(50,693,410)	(100%)
	Stores & Spares Consumed	12,908,194	100%
		(13,540,797)	(100%)
	Total	, , , , , , ,	•
	Note: Figures / percentages in brackets relates to the previous year	(1,389,302,145)	
	Note. Figures 7 percentages in brackets relates to the previous year		
		For the year ended	For the year ended
		31 March, 2016	31 March, 2015
22.7	Earnings in foreign exchange :	Rs.	Rs.
	Export of goods calculated on FOB basis	307,134,794	338,165,557

Nose 23 Disclosures under Accounting Standards

N⇔le	Particulars					
23.1	Employee benefit plans					
3,1a	Defined contribution plans The Company makes Provident Fund contributions to defined contribution plan for qualifying employees. Under the Scheme the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of the payroll costs to fund the benefits. The Company recognised Rs. 18,785,495 (Year ended 31 March, 2015 Rs. 14,177,265) for Provident Fund contributions in the Statemen of Profit and Loss. The contributions payable to this plan by the Company are at rates specified in the rules of the scheme.					
•	Defined benefit plans The Defined Benefit Plans comprise of Gratuity. Gratuity is a benefit to an employee based of each completed year of service.	en 15 days last di	awn salary fo			
	The following table sets out the funded status of the defined benefit schemes and the amour statements:	t recognised in ti				
}	Particulars	T 52	Rs.			
	ranguais	Year ended 31 March, 2016 Gratuity	Year ended 31 March, 2015 Gratuity			
Ì	Components of employer expense	- Crutary	Gratuity			
- 1	Current service cost interest cost Expected return on plan assets	3,533,021 1,298,001	2,517,35 1,091,55			
	Actuarial losses/(gains)	(1,440,607) 4,408,256	1,378,92 169,07			
	Fotal expense recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	7,798,671	2,399,06			
1	Actual contribution and benefit payments for year actual benefit payments for year actual benefit payments actual contributions	2,953,291	673,98			
	let asset / (liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet Present value of defined benefit obligation	21,698.184	16,748,39			
	Fair value of plan assets	13,545,978	16,464,07			
	funded status [Surplus / (Deficit)]	(8,152,206)	(284,31			
٨	let asset / (liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet	(8,152,206)	(284,31			
	change in defined benefit obligations (DBO) during the year tresent value of DBO at beginning of the year	16,748,395	. 13.644.39			
	Current service cost	3,533,021	2,517,35			
l:	nterest cost	1,298,001	1,091,55			
	ctuarial (gains) / losses	3,072,058	169,07			
	enefits paid	(2,953,291)	(673,98			
1	resent value of DBO at the end of the year	21,698,184	16,748,39			
c	hange in fair value of assets during the year					
	lan assets at beginning of the year	16,464,077	15,759,13			
	xpected return on plan assets	1,440,607	1,378,92			
	ctual company contributions	272,195				
	und Management Charges (FMC) enefits paid	(341,412)				
	enents para ctuarlat (gains) / losses	(2,953,291)	(673,98			
	ian assets at the end of the year	(1,336,198) 13,545,978	16,464,07			
A	ctual return on plan assets	1,440,607	1.378.92			

	Actuarial assumptions	}	Year ended 31 March, 2016		Year ended 31 March, 2015	
	Discount rate		8.00%		7.75%	
	Expected return on plan assets		8.00%		8.75%	
	Salary escalation		6.50%		5.25%	
	The discount rate is based on the prevailing market yields of Go for the estimated term of the obligations. The estimate of future seniority, promotion, increments and other relevant factors.	salary increase	s considered,	takes into accou	int the inflation,	
	Experience adjustments	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	Gratuity	2015-2016	2014-2015	2013-2014	2012-2013	2011-2012
	Present value of DBO	21,698,184	16,748,395	13,644,393	15,532,448	10,767,624
	Fair value of plan assets	13,545,978	16,464,077	15,759,138	-	8,142,640
	Funded status [Surplus / (Deficit)]	(8,152,206)	(284,318)		(15,532,448)	(2.624,984)
	Experience gain / (loss) adjustments on plan liabilities	(183,759)	952,170	4,342,064	~	(1,338,547)
	Experience gain / (loss) adjustments on plan assets	(1,336,198)		1,114.879	-]	
23.1 C	Particulars	Year ended 201	- 1	Year ended 31	March, 2015	

	STONERIDGE INSTRUMENTS LIMITED prining part of the financial statements			
Note 23	Disclosures under Accounting Standards (contd.)			
Note Particulars				
23.2.A	Segment information			
	Primary Segments The company is engaged mainly in the business of automobile com 17 on segmental reporting is considered to constitute one single rep		f Accounting Standard	
	Secondary Segments Two secondary segments have been identified based on the ge export.	ographical locations of co	ustomers: domestic and	
	Geographic Segment	Revenue (Gross) For the year ended 31 March, 2016 Rs.	Revenue (Gross) For the year ended 31 March, 2015 Rs.	
	India	2,928,214,592	2,800,245,364	
	Outside India	307,134,794	338,165,557	
	The Company's tangible assets are located entirely in India.			
23.2.B	Details of leasing arrangements			
	The Company has entered into operating lease arrangements for fac period of 9 years for the Chennai factory and for a period of 5 years for		s non-cancellable for a	
		For the year ended 31 March, 2016 Rs.	For the year ended 31 March, 2015 Rs.	
	Future minimum fease payments not later than one year later than one year and not later than five years later than five years	15,074,400 62,970,600 48,133,800 126,178,800	14,264,400 61,782,600 64,396,200 140,443,200	
	Lease payments reconsised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	22,775,068	21,125,861	

MINDA STONERIDGE INSTRUMENTS LIMITED Notes forming part of the financial statements ≺lote 23 Disclosures under Accounting Standards (contd.) Note **Particulars** 23.3 Related party transactions 23.3.a Details of related parties where control exists: Description of Names of related parties relationship Ultimate Holding Company Minda Corporation (w.e.f. 1st October 2015) Minda Sai Limited (w.e.f. 1st October 2015) Holding Company 23.3.b Details of related parties with whom transactions during the year: Description of Names of related parties relationship Joint Venturer Stoneridge Inc. (upto 30th September 2015) Minda Automotive Solutions Wazirour Entities in which individuals Minda Automotive Solutions Noida owning indirectly, an Minda Corporation Ltd., Chakan interest in the voting power Minda Corporation Ltd., Noida of the reporting enterprise Minda Corporation Ltd., Plastic division, Pune that gives them control/ Minda Corporation Ltd., Rudrapur significant influence over Minda Industries Ltd., Pant Nagar the enterprise Minda Management Services Limited Minda Sai Ltd. Murbad Minda Sai Ltd., Haridwar Minda Sai Ltd., Tamilnadu Minda Valeo Security Systems Pvt. Ltd O'Z Minda LLC O'Z Minda Navoi Minda Sai Ltd (Delhi) Key Management Mr. N.K. Modi Personnel (KMP) Mr. Pankai Guota Mr. Divya Rai (w.e.f. 12th February, 2016) Mr. Vikram Dhanani (upto 10th June, 2015) Ms.Mukta Tamhankar (upto 30th October 2015) Note: Related parties have been identified by the Management. Details of related party transactions during the year ended 31 March, 2016 and balances outstanding as at 31 March, 2016: Rs. Balance outstanding Transactions 23.3.c Name of the party Nature of Relationship Nature of Transaction as at March 31, 2016 during the year (March 31, 2015) 7,567,551 3,889,372.26 Cr. Stoneridge Inc. ** Joint Venturer Sale of Finished Goods (1,990,692)(376,072 Dr.) Expenses incurred on company's behalf 39,594,477 5,057,635,01 Cr. 39594477.4 (PY Rs. (30,365,585) (2,158,792 Cr.) Minda Management 30,365,585) Services Ltd. Entitles in which 2,750,566 individuals owning Sale of Finished Goods (Nil) (Nil) indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the 118 965 247 54,658,226.28 Dr. reporting enterprise that O'Z Minda LLC Sale of Finished Goods gives them control/ (Nil) (Nil) significant influence 9,795,516 over the enterprise. 9,795,515.61 Dr. O'Z Minda Navoi Sale of Finished Goods (Nil) (Nil) PT Minda Automotive 23.314.961.7 32,781,659.43 Dr Sale of Finished Goods Trading (Nii) (Nil)

Note 23 Disclosures under Accounting Standards (contd.)

Name of the party	Nature of Relationship	Nature of Transaction	Transactions during the year	Balance outstandin as at March 31, 201 (March 31, 2015)
PT Minda Automotive Trading Tooling		Sale of Finished Goods - Tooling	1,578,054.9 (Nil)	17,522,907.78 Cr (Nil)
Minda Corporation Ltd., Rudrapur **		Sale of Finished Goods	6,746,120 (9,654,621)	1,291,370.87 Dr. (2,873,663 Dr.)
`		Legal Services	47,817 (72,872)	136,034 Dr. (18,823 Cr.)
Minda Corporation Ltd., Chakan **		Travelling Expenses	155162 (Nii)	Nii (Nii)
		Sale of Finished Goods	18556 (Nil)	NII (Nil)
Minda Corporation Ltd., Plastic division, Pune		Purchases of fixed assets and expenses incurred for repairs	(Nil) 177,649	Nil (Nil)
Minda Corporation Ltd., Noida **	Entities in which individuals owning indirectly, an interest in	Expenses incurred on company's behalf (Net of recovery Rs. Nil (PY Rs. 1,768,293))	(Nil) (Nil)	1,000 Dr. (1,000 Dr.)
Minda Industries Ltd., Pantnagar **	the voting power of the reporting enterprise that	Purchase of Raw Material	10,562,037.34 (8,563,240)	1,576,136.46 Cr (288,456 Cr.)
Minda Sai Ltd. Murbad **	gives them control/ significant influence	Purchase of Raw Material	10,887,507 (37,632)	1,576,082 Cr. (Nil)
Minda Sai Ltd., Tamilnadu	over the enterprise.	Purchase of Raw Material & Other Expenses	3,330,048.20 (Nil)	4,145,677 Dr. . (Nil)
**		Sales	5,52,846.04 (Nil)	Nil (Nil)
Minda Sai Ltd., Haridwar **		Sale of Finished Goods	13,511,456 (13,306,770)	Nil (1,788,103 Dr.)
Minda Sai Ltd (Delhi)		Russia Office Expenses	735,317 (Nii)	493,805 Dr. (Nil)
Minda Sai Ltd (Component)		Purchase of Raw Material	640,467.95 (Nil)	435507.95 Сг (Nii)
Minda Sai Ltd, Chakan		Purchase of Raw Material	4,969,209.37 (Nil)	2,091,114.69 Cr. (Nil)
Minda Automotive Solutions Wazirpur **		Sale of raw material	Nil (488,470)	Nit. (32,291 Dr.)
Minda Automotive Solutions Nodia **		Sale of Finished Goods	101,940,921 (80,338,302)	22,947,824.24 (16,196,002 Dr.)
Minda Valeo Security Systems Pvt. Ltd **		Car Rent	275,995 (858,541)	Nil. (69,725 Dr.)
Mr. N.K. Modi		Managerial remuneration	23,147,914 (18,404,313)	7,357,701 (5,004,780 Cr.)
Mr. Pankaj Gupta		Managerial remuneration	2,161,100 (1,858,369)	Nii (Nii)
Mr. Vikram Dhanani	Key Management Personnel	Managerial remuneration	69,727 (471,110)	Ni) (28,342 Cr.)
Ms.Mukta Tamhankar		Managerial remuneration	166,600 (Nil)	Nii (Nii)
Ms.Divya Rai		Managerial remuneration	62,832 (Nii)	Nii (Nii)

Mote 23 Disclosures under Accounting Standards (contd.)

Note	Particulars	For the year ended 31 March, 2016 Rs.	For the year ended 31 March, 2015 Rs.
23.4	Earnings per equity share (Basic and Diluted)		
	Net profit for the year attributable to the equity shareholders Weighted average number of equity shares Par value per share	121,289,799 11,900,000	11,900,00
	Earnings per share - Basic and Diluted	10.00 10.19	
23.5	Deferred tax liabilities Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities On difference between book balance and tax balance of fixed assets	92,994,864	87,156,56
	Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities	92,994,864	87,156,56
	Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets		
	Provision for warranty rejection	4,495,947	1,249,49
	Sales Tax Deferral	12,781,157	18,390,19
	Provision for non moving inventories	386,915	757,43
	Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets	17,665,018	20,397,11
	Net deferred tax (liabilities) / assets	(75,329,846)	(66,759,45
		31 March, 2016 Rs.	For the year ended 31 March, 2015 Rs.
[Opening as at 1st April	14,505,866	10,829,81
	Additions	11,991,199	12,121,33
	Utilisation	12,895,920	8,445,28
-	Closing as at 31st March	13,601,145	14,505.86
	Of the above, the following amounts are expected to be incurr		
	Particulars Particulars	As at 31 March, 2016	As at 31 March, 201
ļ	Provision for warranty	Rs. 12,714,151	Rs. 13,542,11
	Provision for line rejection	For the year ended 31 March, 2016 Rs.	For the year ended 31 March, 2015 Rs.
	Opening as at 1st April Addillons		944,41
	Utilisation ** Closing as at 31st March		944,41
. [
ļ	Of the above, the following amounts are expected to be incurr		***************************************
	Particulars	As at 31 March, 2016 Rs.	As at 31 March, 201 Rs.
1	Pravision for Line Rejection	-	*****
s t	The company maintains the information and documents as require sections 92-92F of the Income Tax Act, 1961. The management is ransactions to which the above regulations apply, are at arm's length and the financial statements, particularly on the amount of ta	of the view that its internation gth so that the aforesaid legis	al and domestic lation will not have any

23.8 Industrial Promotion Subsidy:

The Company received an Eligibility Certificate (EC) dated March 30, 2007 of Rs. 93,034,000 for Industrial Promotion Subsidy under the Package Scheme of Incentives 2007 ("the Scheme") in connection with the plant at Chakan, Pune. In terms of the Scheme and based on the EC received, the above incentives are to be sanctioned and disbursed by the relevant authorities on confirmation of compliance with conditions prescribed in the Scheme.

During the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company has accrued Rs. 6,397,000 (PY Rs. 9,139,000) as income under Other Income (refer Note 17.)

23.9 Note for mangerial Renumeration:

Pursuant to changes in its equity share holding as on October 1, 2015, the Company became a subsidiary of Minda Sai Limited by virtue of the later holding 51% of the equity shares in the Company. Minda Sai Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Minda Corporation Limited whose equity shares are listed on the National stock exchange. The reappointment and revised remuneration of the Managing Director of the Company has been fixed on 10th July 2014 for the period from 12th August 2014 to 11th August 2017 which was prior to the date when the Company became a step down subsidiary of Minda Corporation Limited. Based on the opinion obtained by the Company from an independent legal counsel, the re-appointment and the revised managerial remuneration of the managing director is in accordance with section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act 2013 and unless there is any change in the terms of the appointment the approval from the Central Government is not required.

23.10 Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility:

AExpenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility :		
Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
	Rs.	Rs.
(a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the Year	2,580,394	1,633,156
(b) Amount spent during the Year (i) Construction/acquisition of any asset (ii) Other	860,548	883,923

23.11 The total research and development expenses incurred by the

Company are as under:

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2016
	Rs.
On Capital account	10,214,431
On revenue account	86,003,255
Total	96,217,686

23.12 Previous year's figures

Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current year's classification / disclosure.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

N.K. Modi Mågaging Director

shek Minda Director

Sanjay Thapar Director

Rakeah Kalra

Independent Director

Jodathan Blair t Directo/

Lars Peter Krok

Director

Rita Pani

Independent Director

Stephen C Pox Director

Pankaj Gupta Chief Fiftincial Officer

Place: 26 th May, 2016

Z∂ivya Rai

Company Secretary